

## Daily Democrat.

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TUESDAY MORNING FEB. 14, 1860.

The country is to be saved again. A new party has arisen "upon the ruins" for the express purpose of stretching out a hand to prevent the utter destruction of this Confederacy. Wamba, son of Witless, said of the truces with the Saracens, that they made an old man of him;—three of them, each to last for fifty years, had been made within his time. So it is with these parties which were to save the country—which were to be the eternal conservative party of the United States—they are making old men of us. Three of them have been born and buried within the span of a lifetime, and lo! the mountain is again in labor, with another immortal party, and every old woman of an Opposition editor, South, and a few of the Black Republicans, North, are struggling to be near, hand, and each resolved to cherish the darling baby. You can tell its parentage, it will be the color of a new saddle, and have no good traits of either Opposition party, North or South. It is going to be a "pretermitted" party. It is to be a star-spangled-banana spread-eagle, Fourth-of-July party. It is going to fire loud cannons, hire more brass bands, give bigger barbecues, with smaller attendance, and raise a little more of the devil generally, than is proper in a Christian community. Its operators are going to tell you of more States they will carry than there are in the Union. Its papers will publish more figures to prove that it will triumph than there are in the almanac. It is going to be a more noisy, racketty-ricky, thunder-gusty party, in a small way, than spanked baby. It does not propose to discern—it will not. It will be the Union;—Union! till, to parody Patrick Henry, there is no Union. It will shout for the country and against sectionalism, while the North and South are silently arraying their forces, contending their numbers, and endeavoring, by mutual discussion and conciliation, to avert the conflict. It is not by empty shouts and shows, by drums and flags upon a holiday that the conflict will be avoided and the danger of division averted. The South must be protected against John Brown—rains have ample security for it. She must give up the absurd, impracticable theory of a slave code in the Territories. It is worth nothing to us, but our maintaining it is worth a present to the Black Republican party. These are the practical issues, and while the North and Southern wing of the only national party are trying to adjust this, the Opposition code, flinging their tails up and bellowing like a drove of wild asses. There is a question at issue. One party says that free and slave States cannot exist altogether—they must become all free or all slave; the other declares, in accordance with teachings of the framers of the Union, that they can and shall exist together, and up here this little party and shrieks "Union!" Who said anything against Union? The Black Republicans favor Union, if you will let them have union with their views carried out. If they have no principles, no compromises, to offer, upon which the Union can be preserved, let them join the Democratic party, the only one that proposes a mode to save the Union, without shrinking ignominiously the empty word of Union.

This, however, is not to be expected. These gentlemen have been saving the country with such a vast amount of noise and bluster, that they can hardly be expected to change their course. They will be confident up to the day of the election, and will probably, here in Louisville, if they carry the city, as they generally do, fire a national salute for the election of their candidate. A great part of them cannot realize that there is any voting going on outside of this place, and it is only when they read, the next morning, the news of the election of a Democratic President, or a Black Republican, they will discover that the United States has any other voting places than the one in their wards and city. It is so in our experience in all opposition cities.

It will be seen, in another column, that the Governor has vetoed the bill in relation to the Commercial Bank. It is the course we anticipated. While there are many excellent reasons, perhaps, for granting privileges to this particular institution, yet they are not comparable with the good of the State. We might favor some change in the banking system, but certainly we could not acquiesce in the particular division of the duties of his office, and until such time as he is executing the jurisdiction to remain as now provided by law. That all Justices of the Peace hereafter created or appointed, shall execute bond as required, if the bond is not given within sixty days after election and thirty days after appointment, the election and appointment must be void.

The bill and amendment were then referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A bill to make an allowance to Sheriffs, Clerks of Circuit and Common Pleas Courts, was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Here we left him on his "hems," not being able to understand what had to do with the "fight at John Rile's."

An Exchange says, that the strongest evidence in a late branch of promise case was the presentation of an orange, valued at two cents, to the deceased young lady. That's cheap. Think of a fellow's buying a "pair of breeches" for five cents, and having a "nickel" left for "cents."

An enthusiastic Oppositionist says, of his party, that "the gallant ship is sailing gloriously on to a victory over the corrupt Democracy." From reading such statements, we should say that ship was lying-dao.

Mr. Munger, a well-known Western Printer of superior ability, has charge of our Jobbing Department. For any description of printing give us a call before going elsewhere, and we pledge to give satisfaction.

They have a carryall company in Tallahassee, Fla., whose captain wears the interesting name of A. W. Boyle. He is described as a fierce young blude.

The Opposition are holding county meetings. We advise them to hold on fast, for everything else is slipping away from them.

Some of our Southern brethren are discussing the militia system with a ferocity that is absolutely militia-.

Buyers will recollect Messrs. S. G. Henry & Co.'s sale of staple and fancy dry goods, with a desirable retail stock of dry goods. The sale comes on this morning at 10 o'clock at their auction rooms. Ten pieces of satinet, partially damaged, will be sold.

There will be found advertised in our paper some family medicines that we desire to call especial attention to. Among them is Dr. Weaver's Salt Rheum Syrup and Cerate. We speak more directly of the Cerate, which at this season of the year, is an ointment which every family should keep at hand. We know it has no equal for the cure of frosty feet, chilblains, chapped or cracked hands or lips, and for sore nipples it is the only one thing required. If any person is afflicted with any disease where a good salve is wanted, we advise them to give Dr. Weaver's Cerate just one and they will be convinced of its merits.

Dr. Weaver's Syrup, with the Cerate, is a sure cure for all humors, sores and diseases that arise from impurity of the blood. Another valuable preparation is the old standard remedy and people's favorite, Perry Davis' Pain Killer. Our readers only want to know that this remedy is pure and genuine and is made by our city druggists.

D. S. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters is a very agreeable medicine, and valuable where a stimulatant agent is desired.

We know that all the above named remedies are just what the afflicted require, and can be found at the drug stores of Raymond & Tyler, Board & Miller, and drug stores generally in Louisville.

No less than \$5,000 copies of the pamphlet "Le Pope et le Congres" have been sold. People in Europe are not like the people in Boston, who, if a well-known Washington publisher is to be believed, would not give a dime for a pamphlet, even if they knew it contained advice essential to the safety of their fortune and family. The French Bishops are thrusting the horns of their bulls into the pamphlet.

(For the Louisville Democrat.)  
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum.  
Mesrs. HANLEY, HUGHES & CO.:  
Gentlemen: At a regular monthly meeting of this Society, held on the 12th inst., the following preamble and resolution were unanimously passed and ordered to be published in the city papers.

WHEREAS, During the past season this insidious disease, scarlet fever, appeared among the children of the Asylum under charge of this Society, we desire to call the attention of the people, to the fact and increasing attention and medical skill of Dr. J. C. Metcalfe, and, therefore, is

Resolved, That the thanks of this society be publicly acknowledged to Dr. J. C. Metcalfe for his skill and gratuitous services in behalf of our dear orphans.

A further resolution of thanks to Messrs. Watkins, Hunt & Co. for liberal donations in provisions, was unanimously passed.

JOSEPH BOSSUIN, President.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

FRANKFORT, SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 11.  
SENATE.

A number of local and private bills were reported and passed.

A bill to charter the Lawrenceburg Deposit Bank was passed.

A bill to charter the Henry County Deposit Bank was passed.

A joint resolution was received from the H. R., in relation to a proposition of the State of Tennessee to cede certain lands, contiguous to the line, to the State. The rules were suspended, and the resolution taken up, and a committee appointed in conference thereto.

Mr. Fisk—Jury—A bill to settle with N. C. Craig, Keeper of the Penitentiary. Passed.

Mr. Cissell—A bill to exempt serving men from execution and distribution. 25 days.

The Senate then took a recess until three o'clock.

THE being the regular day for the call of counties a large amount of local and private business was transacted.

Mr. McKey—A bill to amend chapter 3, article 1, section 821, Civil Code of Practice. Referred to the Committee on Codes of Practice.

The Governor sent into the House joint resolutions adopted by the Tennessee Legislature, in relation to the cession of a part of Kentucky to Tennessee. Referred to the Committee on Federal Relations.

A joint resolution to the school for feeble-minded children. Directs the money appropriated to said institution to be paid when the commissioners shall deem it necessary.] Passed.

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Louisville. Passed.

A bill to provide for levying a tax in the neighborhood of the cut-off. Passed.

A bill to increase the jurisdiction of Magistrates. \$100.

A joint resolution was offered increasing the jurisdiction of County Judges \$300. Rejected—31: nays 38.

Mr. Cleveland offered an amendment allowing Magistrates to hear and determine any criminal cases in their respective districts five days after service of process, and abolishing the regular quarterly courts of magistrates.

Ir. Irland offered an amendment requiring that any Magistrate, before his jurisdiction is increased, shall give a written certificate of the fullness of the duties of his office, and until such time as he is executing the jurisdiction to remain as now provided by law. That all Justices of the Peace hereafter created or appointed, shall execute bond as required, if the bond is not given within sixty days after election and thirty days after appointment, the election and appointment must be void.

The bill and amendment were then referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A bill making an allowance to Sheriffs, Clerks of Circuit and Common Pleas Courts, was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A bill to further regulate the sale of arsenic spirit. A bill amending a law to increase the amount of arsenic to be used in making analine dyes offered for sale in each county.

Resolutions inviting Mr. Neil, of Columbus, Ohio, a seat under the roof of the House; and the Legislature to take into consideration the resolution of Tennessee in relation to the cession of a portion of the territory of Kentucky to Tennessee, were adopted.

Mr. Thomas introduced a joint resolution in relation to the proceeds of the sale of public lands.

And then the House adjourned. 8:00.

WASHINGTON Saturday, February 11.—A fracture occurred yesterday between Edmundson, of Virginia, and Hickman, of Pennsylvania, the town of to-day. It appears that Hickman was walking through the grounds leading from the Capitol to Pennsylvania Avenue, when he met Mr. Boling, of Louisville, who was near at hand, with his family, and prevented the master from going further.

It is said that Hickman was armed, and the Republicans express much dissatisfaction that he did not shoot his assailant. He has been so bitter in his attacks on Southerners, and so zealous in his riddance of Southern principles, that great things were expected of him if he ever came into conflict with any Southern Representative. It is said, however, that Hickman would have defended himself if he had not been seized and held by one of the gentlemen who interceded.

The Opposition are holding county meetings. We advise them to hold on fast, for everything else is slipping away from them.

Some of our Southern brethren are discussing the militia system with a ferocity that is absolutely militia-.

Buyers will recollect Messrs. S. G. Henry & Co.'s sale of staple and fancy dry goods, with a desirable retail stock of dry goods. The sale comes on this morning at 10 o'clock at their auction rooms. Ten pieces of satinet, partially damaged, will be sold.

The great work in EGYPT, published under the direction of the celebrated Dr. Lepsius, at the expense of the Prussian Government, has been completed.

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.  
VETOING AN ACT, ENTITLED "AN ACT AUTHORIZING  
AN INCREASE OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF THE  
COMMERCIAL BANK OF KENTUCKY, WITH  
POWER TO ESTABLISH THREE ADDITIONAL  
BRANCHES."

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives:

On the 4th inst., there was presented to me, for my approbation and signature, "An act authorizing an increase of the capital stock of the Commercial Bank of Kentucky, with power to establish three additional branches." Entertaining the very highest respect for the wisdom of the distinguished legislators who have concurred in the passage of this measure, I have given it my assent. I do, however, direct, that in the execution of the law, I am to differ with them in opinion, and withhold my approval from the bill. I now return it to the house in which it originated with my objections.

This bill contemplates an increase of \$900,000 in the capital stock, and the establishment of three additional branches of the Commercial Bank.

The main questions to be determined are—Do the people of Kentucky need this increase of bank capital, and is it expedient, properly, and just?

Our people are industrious, enterprising and thrifty, but chiefly devoted to agricultural pursuits. Hence it is, they need a much less amount of bank capital to carry on their trade than if they were engaged extensively in commerce.

A brief recurrence to the past decade in the history of our State will exhibit the comparative advance of our people in population and wealth, with the extension of bank capital during the same period, and enable us to determine whether the increase of capital, and true interests of trade, at this time, demand a yet further augmentation of that capital, and a still larger increase in the circulation of paper money.

It is not the present bank capital, but the capital of the people, that we have to consider.

The people of these States are far more extensively engaged in manufacturing and commercial pursuits than in agriculture. The people of Kentucky have a large amount of bank capital in proportion to population and wealth, and if you compare the people of these States with those of the Commonwealth, you will find that they are more wealthy, and have a larger amount of bank capital in proportion to population and wealth, than if you compare them with the people of Indiana, Ohio, and Michigan.

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It is a continued history of bankruptcy throughout the large portion of the country, and of frauds, and of the people of Kentucky, who want to pay their debts, but are unable to do so.

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It is a continued history of bankruptcy throughout the large portion of the country,





## OFFICIAL MATTERS.

WHEREAS, An official communication, addressed to the Mayor and Genl. Council of the City of Louisville, by the President of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, announces the fact that the business relations between the said Company and the said City will as will materially affect the interests of said Company, and that the said Directors now insist that the President of said road should resign; and, whereas, the vote of the city was for Directors with the belief that Mr. Helm was not fit for the position of said road; and, as a former day the General Council, being informed that the said Helm intended to resign, adopted a resolution requesting against such resignation; therefore,

Resolved, by the General Council of the City of Louisville, That, in accordance with provisions of the 8th and 9th sections of an act entitled "An act to charter the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company," approved March 5, 1860, a call is issued to meet the said General Council to meet at the Mayor's office, in the City of Louisville, on Saturday, March 24, 1860, at 11 o'clock A. M., to take into consideration the subject matter as contained in the foregoing preamble, together with such other business as may properly come before them.

Resolved, That the parties having the right by ordinance to cast the vote of the City of Louisville at said meeting of stockholders are hereby instructed to attend said meeting and represent the interests of the said stockholders.

J. M. VAUGHN, C. B. C. A. D. WEATHERFORD, P. R. A. J. W. TOMPKINS, C. A. P. Approved Feb. 11th, 1860.

T. H. CRAWFORD, Mayor.

## OFFICIAL.

### BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

FRIDAY EVENING, February 10, 1860.

PRESENT—E. D. Weatherford, President, and all the members.

On motion, the reading of the journal of the previous session was dispensed with.

A petition was presented to the Council to have the apportionment of Monroe street, from Fifteenth street to the intersection of Franklin Avenue, corrected so as to give the said street to the city of Louisville.

The 24th section of the petition was referred to a Committee to meet at the office of James G. Guthrie, which was referred to the Revision Committee.

J. S. Steward, tavern, corner of Preston and Main street—granted.

R. T. Smith, coffee house, corner of Madison and Ninth streets—granted.

CLAIMS ALLOWED.

Separate resolutions were adopted allowing the following claims: W. H. Brueckner, \$100, for services rendered to the city.

E. Biggs, \$50, for repairs in gas fixtures to the Public Building.

J. McCall, \$10, for attendance as witness in Circuit Court, in the case of Wm. Kain vs. City.

J. O. Sullivans, \$10, for 136 umbrellas sent to the city of Louisville in January.

Henry Wolford, Treasurer, \$50, for money advanced on the Fire Department, to pay for the services of D. Weatherford, from the Committee of Five, \$100, to the city.

Levi C. Smith, \$40, for expenses for January, 1860; \$100, for attendance as witness in Circuit Court, in the case of Wm. Kain vs. City.

John McCall, \$10, for attendance as witness in Circuit Court, in the case of Wm. Kain vs. City.

W. H. Brueckner, \$10, for services rendered to the city of Louisville in January.

Military Companies \$30, for celebration of 22d of February, 1860.

Alderman Weatherford, from the Committee of Five, \$100, to the city.

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